## ROADS DEPARTMENT OF GEORGIA

# MINISTRY OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT AND INFRASTRUCTURE



## Environmental and Social Impact Management Plan

(ESMP)

Third Secondary and Local Roads Project and Secondary Road Asset

Management Project

Sh47 Shukhuti-Atsana-Mamati-Dzimiti

Periodic Maintenance: Km 0.0 – Km 17.5

TNM Limited

Georgia

2019

## PART I: GENERAL PROJECT AND SITE INFORMATION

INSTITUTIONAL & ADMINISTRATIVE					
Country	Georgia				
Project title	Periodic Maintenance of	f Shukhuti-Atsana-N	Mamati-Dzimiti Road (sl	h47) from km0.0 –km17.5	
Scope of project and activity	On the basis the results of comprehensive engineering assessment of current condition of the project road network, surveying the geometric features, road furniture, culverts, bridges, traffic characteristics, pavement condition etc, the adequacy of this road section for periodic maintenance was determined.  Asphalt pavement of this road section has developed pavement distresses such as cracks, potholes, edge breaks etc., due to traffic movement, climatic and environmental conditions.  Periodic maintenance on this section of road, includes activities to preserve the structural integrity of the road. These activities will require specialized equipment and skilled personnel. The activities include resealing and overlay works in response to measured deterioration in road conditions after proper identification, design and planning for implementation.  General charecteristics of this road section:  Road length: 17.5 km  Road Pavement type: Asphalt  Average width of the carriageway: 5.5 m;  Width of the shoulder: 0.5- 1.0 m;  Culverts: 49  Bridges: 5				
Institutional	• Number of lanes: 2  WB	Project		terpart and/or Recipient	
arrangements (Name and contacts)	(Project Team Leader)	Management			
and contacts)	Aymen A. Osman Ali	Giorgi Tsereteli	Lanchl	khuti Municipality	
Implementation	WB	Local	Local	Contractor	
arrangements (Name and contacts)	Safeguard Supervision	Counterpart Supervision	Inspectorate Supervision	(Not Defined)	
	Darejan Kapanadze Environment	TNM			
	Sophia Georgieva Social				
SITE DESCRIPTION					
Name of site	Shukhuti-Atsana-Mamati-Dzimiti Road (sh47) from km0.0 –km17.5				
Describe site location	Sh2. Project road passes are two schools (km-5.0' and 12.503 km. There ar This road has many loca	through villages Shu 72, and km 13.875. The The 10 bus stops on th tions of significant l	ukhuti, Atsana, Mamati, There are two active chu is section. andslide/embankment f	ds near 35 <sup>th</sup> kilometer of the road Dzjimiti. On this section there urches on this section at km 7.10 ailure as follows: 5.490, km 11.235, km 12.230, km	

3371 .1 1 12	mi : .: DOM: 11 I	111 2 10 234 22 12		
Who owns the land?	I ne existing KOW is owned by Lan	chkhuti and Ozurgeti Municipalities		
Description of	<b>Location:</b> The Road Starts after t. La	nchkhuti at the E 60 road junction and ends near 35th kilometer		
geographic, physical,		ough the following villages: Shukhuti (population 1607), Atsana		
biological, geological,	(population 586), Mamati (population 254) and Dzjimiti (population 1352).			
hydrographic and	Air: Air quality in the project area is good due to low traffic levels and the absence of industrial			
socio-economic	facilities.			
context	Water and Soil: The given road section is crossed by the following rivers: Ukangele, Atsaura, Ghele,			
	Nadinebi and Supsa. No pollution is	-		
		h which the road passes is mainly comprised of chestnut,		
		pality) and alder, oak, hornbeam (Lanchkhuti Municipality). No		
	tangible negative impact on vegetat	-		
		the project implementation area include wolf, jackal, badger and		
		nd bear, roe, marten, jackal, lynx, squirrel, wolf and hedgehog		
		ger, rabbit. Due to the nature of road works, the impact on the		
	fauna would be minimal.	. does to long interesting of tweffing and lond of industrial facilities		
		w due to low intensity of traffic and lack of industrial facilities.  Soldest impact on those people who reside in existing village along		
		nited to the periodic maintenance phase.		
	1	and take is required for undertaking rehabilitation of the road		
	T	will not cause any temporary impact of existing fences, perennials		
	or other assets.	win not cause any temporary impact of existing fences, perenimals		
Locations and	Information about material resource	es near the project road:		
distance for material	Description	Location		
sourcing, especially	River Quarry	Near village Nagomari on the river Supsa		
inert aggregates,	Itiver Quarry			
water, stones				
LEGISLATION	CDAMD is implemented in accorder	accounts the World Penk's enforced policy OD/PD 4.01		
Identify national & local legislation	_	nce with the World Bank's safeguard policy OP/BP 4.01 - on this policy, present subproject is classified as environmental		
&permits that apply		mental and Social Impact Management is prepared according to		
to project activity		11. Under the Georgian legislation, a road rehabilitation project		
to project activity		nvironmental impact, approval or issuance of a permit. However,		
	with the national regulation system			
	i) Contractor company must be l			
		e obtained from licensed providers,		
	· ·	n a quarry, an appropriate license must be obtained from the		
	National Agency of Mines und	er the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development;		
	iv) If the Contractor wants to open	n its own plant of asphalt or concrete (or both), an environmental		
	decision, which will cover the	upper limit of pollution concentration;		
		disposed at the official landfill based on the agreement with the		
		pany or placed at the pre-selected site officially agreed with local		
	self-government;			
Grievance Redress	•	l be available to allow an Affected Person (AP) appealing any		
Mechanism	decision on which they disagree.			
		e available GRM during public consultations and through		
		ommencement of works. In addition, an announcement with		
	_ ,	red on the information boards in the lobbies of buildings of each		
		ality. APs will be fully informed of their rights and of the		
1	Procedures for addressing complain	ts either verbally or in writing during pre-contraction,		

construction and operation periods. Care will always be taken to prevent grievances rather than going through a redress process.

Grievance Redress Commission (GRC) Contact Persons:

Mr. Levan Chkhaidze, Head of Infrastructure Department in Lanchkhuti.

Mobile Phone: 599 76 40 70

Mr. Temur Giorgadze Head of Infrastructure Department in Ozurgeti

Mobile Phone: 599 36 35 10

The Contact Person shall collect and record the grievances in a special log. If the grievance remains unsolved at the local level, it will be lodged to the RDMRDI. For any information and advice, RD nominated following persons:

1. Mariam Begiashvili - Social Safeguards Consultant

Mobile Phone 577 74 40 88; 555 400 205; e-mail: mbegiashvili2@gmail.com

**2. Maya Vashakidze** – Environmental Safeguards Consultant;

Mobile Phone: 593 32 30 77 e-mail: maya\_vashakidze@yahoo.co.uk Roads Department of RDMRDI: 12 Kazbegi str., Tbilisi, Georgia

Grievance Redress Commission (GRC) is formed by the order of the Head of RDMRDI as a permanently functional informal structure, engaging personnel of RDMRDI from all departments. This includes top management, Safeguards, Legal Departments, PR department and other relevant departments (depending on specific structure of the IA).

If the RDMRDI decision fails to satisfy the aggrieved APs, they can pursue further action by submitting their case to the appropriate court of law (Rayon Court) without any reprisal.

#### PUBLIC CONSULTATION

Identify when / where the public consultation process shall take place Environmental and Social Management Framework for the Secondary Road Asset Management Project was disclosed through the RDMRDI web page and the stakeholder consultation meeting was held on 14/07/2015.

The present Draft ESMP was uploaded on the RDMRDI website and the hard copies provided to Lanchkhuti Municipality. Public consultation on the draft ESMP was held in Lanchkhuti Municipality. The notification of ESMP Public Disclosure date, time and location will be made early enough to ensure high attendance of project stakeholders. The minutes of the meeting was attached to the final version of the ESMP.

#### ATTACHMENTS

Attachment 1: Project location map;

Attachment 2: Landslide/embankment failure locations;

Attachment 3: Minutes of public consultation on the draft ESMP;

Attachment 4: Waste disposal agreement (to be provided by the contractor);

Attachment 5: Borrowing license (as applicable, to be provided by the contractor);

Attachment 6: Asphalt plant operation agreement (as applicable, to be provided by the contractor)

## PART II: SAFEGUARDS SCREENING AND TRIGGERS

ENVIRONMENTAL /SOCIAL SCREENING FOR SAFEGUARDS TRIGGERS							
	Activity/Issue	Status	Triggered Actions				
	1. Roads rehabilitation	[X] Yes [ ] No	If "Yes", see Section A				
	2. New construction of small traffic infrastructure	[ ] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section A				
	3. Impacts on surface drainage system	[X] Yes [ ] No	If "Yes", see Section B				
	4. Historic building(s) and districts	[ ] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section C				
Will the site activity include/involve any of the	5. Acquisition of land <sup>1</sup>	[ ] Yes [X ] No	If "Yes", see Section D				
following?	6. Hazardous or toxic materials <sup>2</sup>	[ ] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section E				
	7. Impacts on forests and/or protected areas	[ ] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section F				
	8. Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	[ ] Yes [X] No	If "Yes", see Section G				
	9. Traffic and Pedestrian Safety	[X] Yes [ ] No	If 'Yes", see Section H				
	10. Impacts on land property and use	[X] Yes [ ] No	If "Yes", see Section I				
	11. Social risk	[X] Yes [ ] No	If "Yes", see Section J				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Land acquisition includes displacement of residents, change the way of life, this is concerning with land which was purchased/handed over and impact on persons living and/or unlawfully exist and or/performing business activities (Booths) on the land already purchased.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Hazardous or toxic materials contain, but is not limited to: asbestos, toxic paints, hazardous dissolvent materials, removal of lead containing materials and etc.

## PART III: MITIGATION MEASURES

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
0. General Conditions	Notification and	a) Notify local construction and environment inspectorates and communities on the upcoming activities;
	Worker Safety	b) Notify public on the works through appropriate notification in the media and/or at publicly accessible sites (including the site of the works);
		c) Obtain all legal permits for road construction works;
		d) Provide personnel with workers' personal safety equipment in compliance with international standards (should always wear helmets, masks and safety sunglasses, protective shoes);
		e) Post relevant warning and reminding signs with information on environmental, health and safety code of conduct in the visible locations of the work site;
		f) Post contact information around work site in the locations visible to local communities enabling project-affected people to raise questions and voice grievances.
A. General Rehabilitation and	Air Quality	a) Apply precautionary measures to avoid excessive dust emission during earth works and materials loading-unloading (e.g., restriction material dropping from a big height during loading-unloading);
/or Construction Activities		b) Keep demolition debris, excavated soil and aggregates in controlled area and sprayed with water mist to reduce debris dust;
		c) During pneumatic drilling or breaking of pavement and foundations, suppress dust by ongoing water spraying and/or installing dust screen enclosures at site;
		<ul><li>d) Keep free the surrounding environment (sidewalks, roads) free of soil and debris to minimize dust;</li><li>e) Disallow open burning of construction/waste material at the site;</li></ul>
		f) Keep machinery in compliance with the regulations of the emission origin, proper technical repairs should be ensured, and the pitch shall be free from unnecessary construction machinery.
	Noise	a) Limit construction noise to daytime;
		b) Apply additional noise management arrangements in the vicinity of schools and hospitals;
		c) During operations, keep engine covers of generators, air compressors and other powered mechanical equipment closed, and place equipment as far away from residential areas as possible
	Water Quality	a) Establish appropriate erosion and sediment control measures such as e.g. hay bales and / or silt fences to prevent sediment from moving off site and nearby streams and rivers.

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
	Waste management	<ul> <li>a) Pre-identify and obtain formal permissions/agreement on the waste collection and disposal pathways and sites for all major waste types expected from excavation, demolition and construction activities;</li> <li>b) Separate mineral garbage / wastes remaining for construction and dismantling from general, organic, liquid and chemical waste and to be sorted in containers;</li> <li>c) Dispose all types of waste strictly according the existing formal agreements and exclusively to the designated locations;</li> <li>d) Reuse and recycle non-toxic wastes to the extent possible.</li> </ul>
B. Impacts on surface drainage system	Water Quality	<ul> <li>a) Do not undertake uncontrolled extraction of groundwater, nor uncontrolled discharge of wastewater, cement slurry, or other polluted waters into surface water bodies or natural environment in general; obtain necessary licenses and permits for water extraction and regulated discharge prior to commencement of activity;</li> <li>b) Install and operate proper storm water drainage systems; ensure that they do not fill up with silt, do not pollute, block or otherwise negatively impact natural streams, rivers, ponds and lakes;</li> </ul>
		c) Introduce and follow procedures for prevention of and response to accidental spills of fuels, lubricants and other toxic or noxious substances;
		d) Wash construction vehicles and machinery only in designated areas where runoff will not pollute natural surface water bodies.
C. Historic building(s)	Cultural Heritage	<ul> <li>a) In case the construction is carried out near historical buildings or in the historical area, the notification and acceptance / consent from local government organs shall be taken. All types of construction work should be planned and implemented in accordance with local and national legislation.</li> <li>b) In case of land excavation or findings of ancient times or other possible archaeological items, it is necessary to record and register the facts of responsible official agencies and to suspend or reverse the works by taking into consideration circumstances.</li> </ul>
D. Acquisition of land	Land Acquisition Plan/Framework	<ul> <li>a) If land take is required for undertaking works in a given site, do not enter this site until receipt of a formal notice from the Employer on the completion of resettlement and payment of compensations. Works are authorized after approval of the resettlement completion report by the Employer and the World Bank;</li> <li>b) In case of public complaints on incomplete or improper resettlement/compensation, take all activity on hold, enter complaints into log book and immediately inform the Employer. Do not resume works until formal notice from the Employer.</li> </ul>
E. Toxic materials	Asbestos management	<ul> <li>a) If asbestos is located on the project site, it shall be marked clearly as hazardous material</li> <li>b) When possible of asbestos will be appropriately contained and sealed to minimize exposure</li> <li>c) Asbestos prior to removal (If necessary) will be treated with a wetting agent to minimize asbestos dust</li> <li>d) Asbestos will be handed and disposed by skilled &amp; experienced professionals</li> <li>e) If asbestos material is stored temporarily, the waste should be securely enclosed inside closed container and marked appropriately. Security measures will be taken against unauthorized removal from the site.</li> <li>f) Removal of asbestos will not be reused</li> </ul>

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
	Toxic / hazardous waste management	<ul> <li>a) Temporarily storage on site of all hazardous or toxic substances will be in safe containers labeled with details of composition, properties and handling information</li> <li>b) Containers of hazardous substances shall be placed in a leak-proof container to prevent spillage</li> <li>c) Waste shall be transported by specially licensed carriers and disposed in licensed facility</li> <li>d) Paints with toxic ingredients or solvents or lead-based paints will not be used</li> </ul>
F. Affected forests, wetlands and/or protected areas	Ecosystem protection	<ul> <li>a) (A) It is inadmissible to carry out works on the territories belonging to the State Forest Fund until the completion of the removal procedure</li> <li>b) Cutting of trees should be minimized, through the regulation of access roads, as well as by using of small capacity equipment and manual works.</li> <li>c) All trees that have to be extracted must be marked and their removal must be entered into tree-cutting ledger on daily basis</li> </ul>
G. Risk of unexploded ordinance (UXO)	Hazard to human health and safety	a) Before to start any excavation activities, Contractor shall verify that the construction area has been checked and cleared regarding UXO by appropriate authorities
H. Traffic and pedestrian safety	Direct or indirect hazards to public traffic and pedestrians by construction activities	In compliance with national regulations, ensure that the construction site is properly secured, and construction related traffic regulated. This includes but is not limited to:  a) Use signposting, warning signs, barriers and traffic diversions so that the work site is clearly visible, and the public warned of all potential hazards;  b) Apply traffic management system and train staff, especially for site access and near-site heavy traffic; provide safe passages and crossings for pedestrians where construction traffic interferes;  c) Adjust working hours to local traffic patterns, avoid major transport activities during rush hours or times of livestock movement;  d) If required, undertake active traffic management by trained and visible staff at the site for safe passage for the public;  e) If school children are in the vicinity, include traffic safety personnel to direct traffic during school hours;  f) Ensure safe and continuous access to all adjacent office facilities, shops and residences during construction.
I. Impacts on land property and use	Limited/lost access to the land	<ul> <li>a) Ensure provision of undisturbed and safe access to homes, lands and other assets of the local population;</li> <li>b) Plan road works to maintain undisturbed access to land and assets of the local population by planning and implementing works and activities in coordination with residents and representatives of the local community.</li> </ul>
	Temporary impact on privately-owned assets	<ul> <li>a) Avoid trespassing or incidentally damaging of private property (using small-size machinery or manual labor near walls and fences, stockpiling of construction material and waste away from private property; etc.);</li> <li>b) In case of unintended damage to private property, quickly restore it to the original or better status;</li> <li>c) In case of expected temporary impact on privately-owned property, inform owners upfront and guarantee restoration, acquire written consent of owners for intervention, and promptly restore the damage to the original or better status;</li> </ul>

ACTIVITY	PARAMETER	MITIGATION MEASURES CHECKLIST
		d) If an unexpected need for land take emerges in the couse of works, do not enter the affected site prior to development and full implementation of the Resettlemet Action Plan by RD
	Loss of income or assets caused by unauthorized intervention, occupation of territory outside of ROW	<ul> <li>a) Avoid unauthorized intervention of territory outside of ROW;</li> <li>b) If such impact occurs by negligence of the construction company workers, record the case/claim; assess the loss and negotiate with an affected owner based on the adopted principles and valuation methodology described in the RAP and provide fair cash compensation at the Company's own cost;</li> <li>c) Apply GRM procedures if the case is unresolved through negotiation.</li> </ul>
J. Social Impact	Public relationship management	<ul> <li>a) Assign local liaison person who is in charge of communication with and receiving requests/ complaints from local population;</li> <li>b) Consulted local communities to identify and pro-proactively manage potential conflicts between an external workforce and local people;</li> <li>c) Raise local community awareness about sexually disease risks associated with the presence of an external workforce and include local communities in awareness activities;</li> <li>d) Inform population about construction and work schedules, interruption of the services, traffic detour routes and provisional bus routes, blasting and demolition, as appropriate;</li> <li>e) Limit construction activities at night. When necessary, carefully schedule night-time works and inform affected community so they can take necessary measures;</li> <li>f) At least five days in advance of any service interruption (including water, electricity, telephone, bus routes), advice affected community through postings at the project site, at bus stops, and in affected homes/businesses.</li> </ul>
	Labor management	<ul> <li>a) To the extent possible, locate work camps away from local communities;</li> <li>b) Undertake sitting and operation of worker camps in consultation with neighboring communities;</li> <li>c) Recruit unskilled or semi-skilled workers from local communities to the extent possible. Where and when feasible, provide worker skills training to enhance participation of local people;</li> <li>d) Provide adequate lavatory facilities (toilets and washing areas) in the work site with adequate supplies of hot and cold running water, soap, and hand drying devices. Provide separate WC facilities where male and female workers are employed. Establish temporary septic tanks for any residential labor camp and without causing pollution of nearby watercourses;</li> <li>e) Raise awareness of workers on overall relationship management with local population. Establish the code of conduct in line with international practice, ensure that all workers are aware of it, have read and signed off the code of conduct, and strictly enforce it, including the dismissal of workers and financial penalties of adequate scale;</li> <li>f) Ensure availability of grievance mechanism for workers on labor-related issues.</li> </ul>

## PART IV: MONITORING PLAN CONSTRUCTION PHASE

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Supply with construction materials	Purchase of construction materials from the officially registered suppliers	In the supplier's office or warehouse	Verification of documents and quality	During conclusion of the supply contracts	Ensure technical reliability and safety of infrastructure	RD
Transportation of construction materials and waste  Movement of construction machinery	Technical condition of vehicles and machinery;  Confinement and protection of truck loads with lining;  Respect of the established hours and routes of transportation	Construction materials and construction waste transportation routes	Inspection of nearby sites roads with directions of movement routes	Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Limit pollution of soil and air from emissions;  Limit nuisance to local communities from noise and vibration;  Minimize traffic disruption.	RD Traffic Police
Operation of construction machinery on site	Proper condition of Construction equipment: - surplus emissions - Fuel-lubricant - Working hours security - Damage of Tree plant if it is not considered for the road construction	Construction Sites	Inspection of the works	In and after working hours	Reduce the air and soil contamination during equipment operation;  Limit the disturbance of the population with noise and vibration	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Servicing of construction machinery	Washing vehicles and machinery off-site of in the location sufficiently distant from water bodies;  Servicing vehicles and machinery with oils and lubricants off-site or in an especially arranged location on-site;  Technical adequacy of the servicing location:  • solid, insulating floor or adsorbent layer (sand, gravel, membrane),  • containment barriers allowing enough sapce for holding fuel over the maximum amount expected on the location at a time,  • emergency fire-fighting kit, sedimentation pool at car wash area.	Construction site and construction base (if applicable)	Inspection	Entire period of machinery operation	Avoid land and water pollution with oil products due to servicing of vehicles and machinery;  Be ready for fire emergency action to promptly localize fire source and minimize material damage	RD
Surface water pollution during bridge repair works	Sediment, organic mixtures, lubricants, fuel, solvents, pH of heavy metals, oils	Bridge repair works	Inspection	During repair works.  During the bridge repair works;  Unannounced inspections during work hours and beyond	Reduction of water pollution caused by construction equipment	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Purchasing of natural construction materials	Purchase of material from the existing suppliers if feasible;  Obtaining of extraction license by the works contract and strict compliance with the license conditions;  Terracing of the borrow area, backfilling to the exploited areas of the borrow site, and landscape harmonization;  Excavation of river gravel and sand from outside of the water stream, arrangement of protective barriers of gravel between excavation area and the water stream, and no entry of machinery into the water stream. Marking of the Quarries with warning signs	Quarries	Checking of documents Inspection	During extraction of materials	Limiting erosion of slopes and degradation of ecosystems and landscapes;  Limiting erosion of river banks, water pollution with suspended particles and disruption of aquatic life;  Protection of cattle and population from damage.	RD  LEPL National Agency of Mines of the Ministry of Economy and Sustainable Development of Georgia
Generation of construction waste	Temporary storage of construction waste in especially allocated areas;  Timely disposal of waste to the formally designated locations Delivery of hazardous wastes for companies with disabilities and disposal licenses	Construction site; Waste disposal site; Proper territories assigned for the waste disposal.	Visual Inspection and inspection of Documentation	During whole construction period	Prevent pollution of the construction site and nearby area with solid waste	RD

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Accumulation of household waste	Placement of containers to collect household waste on construction site (if exist);  Agreement with local municipalities regarding the regular disposal of household waste	construction site (if exist);	Visual Inspection	During whole construction period	To avoid pollution of soil and water with domestic waste.	RD
Generation of liquid waste	Arrangement of a toilets matching the sanitary norms on the construction site (if exist);  Arrangement and periodic cleaning of the drainage system for the collection and flow of rain water from the construction site;  Construction of Sedimentation Basin for water used for household and equipment	construction site (if exist);	Visual Inspection	During whole construction period  Frequently In case of strong sedimentation	Prevent the flooding of the construction site and to hinder the activity;  Minimize surface and groundwater contamination	RD
Operation of asphalt-concrete plant	Obtaining of environmental conclusion and adherence to its conditions;  Selection of such a place to install the plant that ensures minimal disturbance of the population by noise, dust and emissions;  Arrangement of several sedimentation basins for the water outflowing from the factory.	Plant Territory	Visual Inspection and inspection of Documentation	During installation and operation period of the plant.	Minimize disturbance of the local population near the construction site;  Minimize air, surface and ground water contamination	RD  LEPL National Environment Agency of the Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Safety of labor	Provision of uniforms and personal protective gear to workers and enforcement of their use;	Construction site	Inspection of the activities	Entire period of construction	Reduce the probability of accidents	RD
	Consistency with the rules of exploitation of the construction equipment and machinery;					
	Presence and use of viable GRM for construction contractor's personnel;					
	Maintenance of adequate sanitary conditions at work bases/sites, including provision of separate WCs if both men and women are employed.					
Works near privately-owned land, buildings and other assets	Avoid trespassing or incidentally damaging of private property (using small-size machinery or manual labor near walls and fences, stockpiling of construction material and waste away from private property; etc.);  In case of unintended damage to private property, quickly restore it to the original or better status;	Works near privately-owned land, buildings and other assets	Monitoring and inspection	Entire period of construction	Reduce the probability of damages on private property;  Exclude temporary or permanent violation of ownership and/or user rights on the private property	RD
	In case of expected temporary impact on privately-owned property, inform owners upfront and guarantee restoration, acquire					

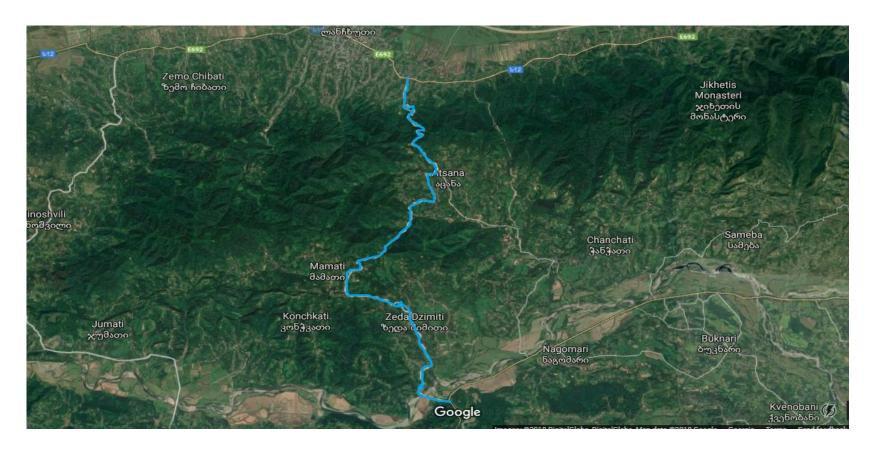
Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
	written consent of owners for intervention, and promptly restore the damage to the original or better status;					
	If an unexpected need for land take emerges in the couse of works, do not enter the affected site prior to development and full implementation of the Resettlemet Action Plan by RD					

### **OPERATION PHASE**

Activity	What	Where	How	When	Why	Who
	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Is the parameter to be monitored?)	(Define the frequency / or continuous?)	(Is the parameter being monitored?)	(Is responsible for monitoring?)
Maintenance of the road carriageway and shoulders	Regular collection and disposal of domestic waste left by passengers and driver;  The timely removal of animal wastes on the	Adjacent territories of the road and side ditches	Inspection	Quarterly	Prevent pollution.  Ensure safe movement of the traffic	RD
Maintenance of drainage ditches	Regular cleaning of culverts from sewage and household waste	Side ditches along the roads	Visual Observation	Quarterly	Maintain drainage system  Prevent flooding of the road and avoid water damage	RD
Addressing accidental spillage on the road	Timely localization, collection, decontamination and disposal of waste or emitted liquid or loose cargo waste during a road accident	On the road and on the adjacent territories	Checking	During the road accidents, according to the necessity	Prevent littering and pollution	RD Patrol Police

## ATTACHMENT 1: PROJECT LOCATION MAP

Sh-47: Periodic Maintenance road section: from km 0.0 - km 17.5



## ATTACHMENT 2: LANDSLIDE/EMBANKMENT FAILURE LOCATIONS







Road km 13.680

#### Attachment 3:

#### **MINUTES**

Of public consultation meeting on Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP) and Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) for Rehabilitation and Periodic Maintenance of Secondary Road section:

(Sh–82) Ozurgeti – Ninoshvili-Lesa
(Sh-47 Shukhuti-Atsana-Mamati-Dzmiti)

30 May 2019

Lanchkhuti Municipality

*Chairman of meeting* - Maya Vashakidze, Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

**Secretary of meeting** – Luka Keshelava, representative of Local Supervisor, TNM

Speakers: Maya Vashakidze - Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Mariam Begiashvili – Social Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Lela Shatirishvili – Representative of the Local Supervisor, TNM

#### **Attendees of the Meeting:** See attachment 1

The goal of the public discussion was to inform the local communities about the purpose of the upcoming works, their timeline, temporary inconveniences expected from the construction works, and planned measures for mitigating the expected negative environmental and social impacts. Local stakeholders had possibility to ask questions and express their opinion during the public discussion, so that their comments could have been considered in the final version of the Environmental and Social Management Plans (ESMPs) and the Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP).

Ms. Mariam Begiashvili opened the meeting and raised pertinent issues relating to the benefits of the project, including economic benefits, increased safety for road users and local population, reduced delivery time to markets, and increased potential for job opportunities. Special focus was made on job opportunities for local females to be engaged in periodic maintenance and handle the work load that does not consider heavy physical workload. She highlighted successful examples of similar project initiated in Kakheti road project. Ms. Begiashvili also stated that civil works contract signed between the RDMRD and Contractor will contain the requirements that contractor ensures engagement of local people, with special attention to females, during construction, monitoring and operation phases. The RDMRD and Construction Supervision Company will monitor that Construction Company follows the restrictions imposed by the Labor Code of Georgia, ESMPs and international standards on any form of trafficking and child labor.

This notification was taken with interest of female and male attendees.

The opening speech was followed by presentation from Ms. Maya Vashakidze. She informed attendees about the meaning of Secondary Road Asset Management Project (SRAMP) for Georgia's economic development and presented the ESMPs prepared for rehabilitation and maintenance of the selected secondary roads in Guria region. She covered the scope of planned works, their possible impact on the natural environment and human health. She introduced the proposed mitigation measures to reduce negative environmental impacts of the project in the construction and operation phases.

Then the floor was given to Mrs. Lela Shatirishvili, Social Safeguards and Resettlement Consultant, who was in

charge of conducting all social studies and developing ARAP in compliance with the active legislation of Georgia, the Resettlement Policy Framework of SRAMP, and WB OP 4.12. Describing the activities undertaken during ARAP preparation, she discussed types of temporary impact to fences attached to the land parcels located along the road sections subject to rehabilitation. She explained the method used by the independent licensed valuator during determination or replacement value at current market cost of construction materials without deduction of depreciation and cost for salvaged materials. She confirmed that according to the types of potentially affected fence six different unit rates (GEL/linear meter) have been determined and the information was provided in the Public Information Booklet (PIB).

Ms. Shatirishvili mentioned that all project-affected persons will be given a choice to receive compensation and restore affected fences by the completion of construction work or agree to the construction company to restore the fence by the completion of civil works at the spot. The attendees were informed that during construction works, the Construction Company will provide relevant protection barriers to prevent intruders entering the land parcels that have temporarily affected fences, as it is important to prevent cattle from entering agricultural land parcels, and also to ensure human safety of households in the cases where the affected fences are attached to residential dwellings.

Ms. Shatirishvili also described the method and compensation unit rates for fruit bearing perennials that may be affected during road rehabilitation works and confirmed the suggested unit rates provided in the Annex 2 of the PIB.

Special attention was given to the Grievance Redress Mechanism and steps required to apply to Grievance Redress Committee during the entire cycle of the project.

In conclusion of the consultation meeting, the floor was opened to the question-answer session. The table A below describes the results of Question-Answer Session.

Table A. Questions raised by the APs and the answers provided by the Public Meeting organizers

#	Name of AP	Question raised	Answer provided by the Consultant
1	Mr. Giorgi Imnaishvili	Some sections of the roads were renovated in past. Was that past project funded by WB as well?	WB support applied to the road works discussed today and cover the road sections under GURIA OPRC project.
2	Ms. Iza Matitaishvili	Drainage pipes are in poor condition within the village settlements, damaging the road surface; Does the project consider renovation of these pipes?	Yes, all damaged culverts and drainage pipes will be replaced by new ones. These activities are major part of the road rehabilitation works.
3	Ms. Marina Salukvadze and Ms. Eka Gujabidze	What kind of work may be offered by construction company to be suitable to women?	Similar initiative was offered to women in Kakheti region, RDMRD has experiences the success of similar project where several dozen women are hired to support routine maintenance of local roads and regularly receive monthly salary.  We believe that similar job opportunity will be of interest of local females as this is not related to work with heavy equipment and does not require long working hours, still

			leaving time to women to take care of their family and children.
4	Mr. Shota Tugushi	What will be the width of the road? Will the road signage be installed?	The width of the road will be 7.5 meters All required road signage will be installed in accordance to the international standards to ensure safety of road users.
5	Mr. Davit Lomadze	Along the road between Ninoshvili-Lesa there are sections with landslide failure. Heavy vehicles will be transporting construction materials and construction waste. Are any measures taken into account?	As mentioned today, the ESMPs consider specific mitigation measures to manage all structure-buildings especially residential dwellings in poor condition located within the area of landslides /embankment failure. In particular:  The Construction Company will avoid high vibration sources; i.e. compaction with heavy vibration rollers should be avoided or minimized in built-up areas to avoid damages to buildings and installations as a result of heavy vibration. Modern methods and equipment that minimize vibrations will be employed in the territories where landslides and embankment failures are confirmed.  In addition, prior to any earth works, the Contractor will be in charge of examining all structure-buildings that may experience any negative impact during construction works; will develop baseline data and prepare a check list of such structures containing descriptions of their physical condition (nature and severity of cracks, identify the owners/possessors, determine whether they are occupied by owner's or are vacated) and keep checking on the condition of these structures during their activities;  If notwithstanding of all these measures, such damage is incurred during the construction period, any owner of damaged asset is encouraged to take advantage of grievance redress mechanism and register the grievance as suggested in the Public Information Booklet.  The claim will be revised, on spot examination conducted and relevant actions undertaken to eliminate the damage, compensate the loss and restore the safety of complainant.

#### Attachment 1 List of Participants

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#### **MINUTES**

Of public consultation meeting on Environmental and Social Management plan (ESMP) and Abbreviated Resettlement Action Plan (ARAP) for Rehabilitation and Periodic Maintenance of Secondary Road Sections:

Sh-02 Sajavakho-Chokhatauri-Ozurgeti-Kobuleti
Sh-45 Ozurgeti-Shemkmedi-Bzhuzheti-Gomis Mta
Sh-46 Ozurgeti-Natanebi-Ureki
Sh-47 Shukhuti-Atsana-Mamati-Dzmiti
Sh-80 Natanebi-Choloki

30 May 2019

Ozurgeti Municipality

*Chairman of meeting* - Maya Vashakidze, Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Secretary of meeting - Luka Keshelava, representative of Local Supervisor TNM

Speakers: Maya Vashakidze - Environmental Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Mariam Begiashvili – Social Safeguards Consultant at the Roads Department of Georgia

Lela Shatirishvili – Representative of the Local Supervisor, TNM

#### Attendees of the Meeting: See attachment 1

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#	Name of AP	Question raised	Answer provided by the Consultant
1	This question	When is expected the	Civil works and construction activities will start after the
	was asked by	commencement of	Construction Contractor is selected through
	many APs	Construction activities?	International tender and the relevant contract is
			awarded. Most likely it will take at least another six
			months.
2	Ms. Naira	Will cash compensation	Yes, all project affected fruit bearing perennials will be
	Kvachadze	issued if road works	cash compensated. Compensation unit rates are provided
		damage fruit bearing	for your review in Annex 2 of the PIB just distributed to
		perennials?	each of you. Unit rates are developed by the independent
			licensed valuator at current market value and according
			to species, age, and productive value of a fruit tree.
			Annual yield capacity of project affected fruit bearing
			tree multiplied by the market price of a fruit (kg/GEL)
			and multiplied by the number of years required to grow

			a new tree to the same productivity age. Additionally, each unit rate contains current market purchase price of sapling of similar species.
3	Ms. Luiza Zakariadze	There is another road rehabilitation project going on in vicinity of village Baileti, However so far no job opportunities were available for women; Why?	This is the innovative approach suggested by the International Donor, WB and followed by the Roads Department. We are looking forward to expand this practice and see more local people and especially women seeking new job opportunities are deployed within the framework of this project.  In general it is already the proven practice, that construction companies are keen to hire local people with relevant skills and work experience. Now job opportunities will be offered to women as well.  The EA will monitor that civil contract contains such requirement. Construction Supervision and RDMRD will be conducting regular monitoring of entire project implementation process and one of the aspects that will be closely screened is transparency of hiring—firing procedures and number of jobs given to local residents, men and women.

## Attachment 1 List of participants

	ბუნებრივი და სოციალური გარემოს მართვის გეგმის საჯარო განხილვის დამსწრე პირთა სია						
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